**Guided LAB - 303.5.1 - *for* loop**

# Objective:

In this lab, we will learn how to use ***for loop*** in Java with the help of examples and we will also learn about the workings of Loop in computer programming.

# **Learning Objective:**

By the end of this lab, learners will be able to use *for* loop in Java.

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# Overview of the Loop

### A simple ***for loop*** allows us to iterate over items until a specified condition is met or satisfied. This normally works with the help of a counter, which will be initialized at the start of the execution and will be incremented with each iteration.

### Based on the Java doc definition, a simple for loop has the following syntax:

| **for (initialization; termination;increment) {** **statement(s)****}** |
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### **Instructions:**

### **Example 1: Display a Text Five Times**

| *// Program to print a text 5 times* public class loopdemoone {  public static void main(String[] args) {  int n = 5;  *// for loop*   for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {  System.out.println("Java is fun");  }  } } |
| --- |

**Output**

Java is fun

Java is fun

Java is fun

Java is fun

Java is fun

### **Example 2: Display Sum of n Natural Numbers**

| *// Program to find the sum of natural numbers from 1 to 1000.* public class Main {  public static void main(String[] args) {  int sum = 0;  int n = 1000;  *// for loop*  for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {  *// body inside for loop*  sum += i; *// sum = sum + i*  }  System.out.println("Sum = " + sum);  } } |
| --- |

**Output:**

**Sum = 500500**

The value of sum is 0 initially. Then the for loop is iterated from i = 1 to 1000. In each iteration, i is added to the sum and its value is increased by 1.

When i becomes 1001, the test condition is false, and the sum will be equal to 0 + 1 + 2 + .... + 1000.

### **Example 3: Palindrome**

In this example, we are going to see whether a number is a palindrome. A for loop is used in this case. A palindrome number, when reversed, represents the same number.

| public class palindromeexmaple {  public static void main(String[] args) {  String original, reverse = ""; *// Objects of String class*  Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in); System.out.println("Enter a string/number to check if it is a palindrome");  original = in.nextLine();  int length = original.length();  for ( int i = length - 1; i >= 0; i-- )  reverse = reverse + original.charAt(i);  if (original.equals(reverse)) {  System.out.println("Entered string/number is a palindrome.");  }else  {  System.out.println("Entered string/number isn't a palindrome.");  }  } } |
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### **Example 4: Pyramid**

In this example, we are going to see another application of for loop, which is a nested for loop. A nested for loop refers to a for loop within a for loop. This means that two for-loops are inside each other. They are generally used to print complex patterns on a Java platform. An example of a nested for loop is shown below.

Here, the class name is PyramidExample. The main() is declared. After that, the two loop control variables are declared. One is the loop control variable “i,” and the other is the loop control variable “j.” Then the “\*” is printed in the loop control.

The new line is given so that the given format of the pyramid structure is maintained. In this code, the program runs five times. However, by increasing the value of the letter “i,” we can make sure that the pyramid is bigger.

| public class PyramidExample {  public static void main(String[] args) { for(int i=1;i<=5;i++){  for(int j=1;j<=i;j++){  System.out.print("\* ");  }  System.out.println();*//new line*  }  } } |
| --- |

Output:

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\* \* \*

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\* \* \* \* \*

**Submission Instructions:**

Include the following deliverables in your submission -

* + Submit your source code using the Start Assignment button in the top-right corner of the assignment page in Canvas.

**CANVAS STAFF USE ONLY: Canvas Submission Guideline:**

| **Instructions for Canvas Assignment Creation** |
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| **Assignment Name: GLAB - 303.5.1 - For loop**  **Points:** **100**  **Assignment Group: Module 303: Java SE Review (Not Graded)**  **Display Grade As: Complete/Incomplete**  **Do not count this assignment towards the final grade: Checked**  **Submission Types: File Upload**  **Everything else is the default.** |

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